## Noise Induced Phase Transitions and Coupled Brownian Motors: Non Standard Hysteretic Cycles

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Recent work<sup>1-3</sup> have shown the possibility, through a noise induced symmetry breaking leading to a nonequilibrium phase transition, of obtaining a set of coupled Brownian motors. It was also shown<sup> $\overline{4}$ </sup> that in some parameter region such a system could show negative mobility (that is motion opposed to the applied force) and anomalous hysteretic behavior (clockwise in opposition to the usual counter-clockwise). Using an explicit meanfield approximation and colored multiplicative noises, it was found a contraction of the ordered phase (and reentrance as a function of the coupling) on one hand, and a shift from anomalous to normal hysteretic behavior on the other<sup>5</sup>. This behavior was obtained in systems presenting a noise induced phase transition that originates from a short time instability. Here we discuss a similar system, but where the noise induced phase transition is originated in an entropic mechanism<sup>6</sup>. Some preliminary studies that exploits such a mechanism indicate

the possibility of obtaining no standard hysteretic cycles: anti-clockwise but showing a staircase-like structure. Depending on the parameter region, the hysteresis diagram could have one or more blocks, that can be explored as a whole or step by step, opening the possibility of exploiting it as a noise-controlled multipurpose logic gate.

<sup>2</sup> van den Broeck et al, Phys. Rev. E **55**, 4084 (1997).

 $^5$  Mangioni et al, Phys. Rev. E  $\mathbf{66},\,051106$  (2002).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sagués et al, Rev. Mod. Phys. **79**, 829 (2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mangioni et al, Phys. Rev. E **61**, 223 (2000).

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Reimann et al, Europhys. Lett.  ${\bf 45},\,545$  (1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Carrillo et al, Phys. Rev. E **67**, 04611 (2003).